

Arkansas Total Care Advanced Behavioral Health – Clinical Training

Treatment Planning for Mental Health Diagnoses

Microlearning



Documentation Best Practices

- Symptoms must match diagnosis(es)
- Document frequency, duration, and severity of symptoms
- Treatment modalities must align with symptoms and diagnoses
- Progress notes should be tied to treatment goals
- Focus on what interventions or techniques were used and how the member responded







Documentation Best Practices

- State what the plans are for ongoing treatment. Be specific.
- Include exact start and stop times vs. appointment times.
- Document progress in measurable or observable terms.
- Identify treatment barriers and how these barriers are being addressed.



Is Treatment Medically Necessary?

- Do the services provided represent the least restrictive level of care that can safely address the member's needs?
- Is there enough documentation that the member is making progress in treatment, as shown by a reduction in symptoms and improvement in psychosocial functioning?
- Does the clinical information clearly show the severity of the functional impairments the member is experiencing as a result of their mental health diagnosis(es)?
- Are services being titrated in a way that supports a planned end to the treatment plan and an individualized aftercare/ follow-up plan?

*For children and adolescents, remember to document the involvement of at least one adult caregiver throughout the treatment process.



SMART Goals

Specific

Mary will decrease anger outbursts from daily to two times a week.

Measurable

Mary will report a PHQ9 score of 7 compared to her current score of 12.

Achievable

Mary will practice deep breathing techniques at least three times a week.

Relevant

Mary will journal her anxiety symptoms at least three times a week and will process journal entries during weekly sessions.

Timebound

Over the next 6 months, Mary's anger outbursts will decrease to once a week for at least three consecutive weeks.

(Leonard & Watts, n.d.)



Treatment Plan Best Practices

DO:

- Develop the plan with the member.
- Document when date goals were initiated (open date needs to stay the same throughout the course of treatment).
- Document how goals show incremental progress or regression.

DON'T:

- Use acronyms or too much clinical jargon.
- Set too many goals at once.
- Use percentages or things that are difficult to measure.
- Include physical health goals unless relevant to MH diagnosis.



Reasons for Titrating Services

1	Helps promote independence
2	Helps ensure individualized treatment
3	Helps discourage unhealthy attachments to providers
4	Helps prevent overutilization of services

(American Psychological Association, 2020; APA, 2017; Simon, 2015)



Best Practices for Titrating Services

Avoid submitting blanket requests **Conduct** a thorough initial assessment

Plan

for discharge, starting at the beginning of treatment

Document

improvement and regression to justify units requested

Identify

natural supports so clients are prepared to titrate

(The Joint Commission, n.d.)



Barriers to Titrating Services

Member

- Fear that symptoms will get worse
- Become used to a routine
- Miss the support from providers

Environmental

- Pandemic
- Financial problems
- Death or loss
- Separation or divorce
- Medical issues
- Crisis

Provider

• Feelings of countertransference

 Productivity requirements (e.g., billable hours)

(Manuel, et.al. 2017)



Thank You!

Arkansas Total Care Advanced Behavioral Health



Reference

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